



Scaling and Functions of a Regional Implementation Teams

Session Facilitated by:
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Objectives

awareness



Become aware of the role of regional implementation teams

learn



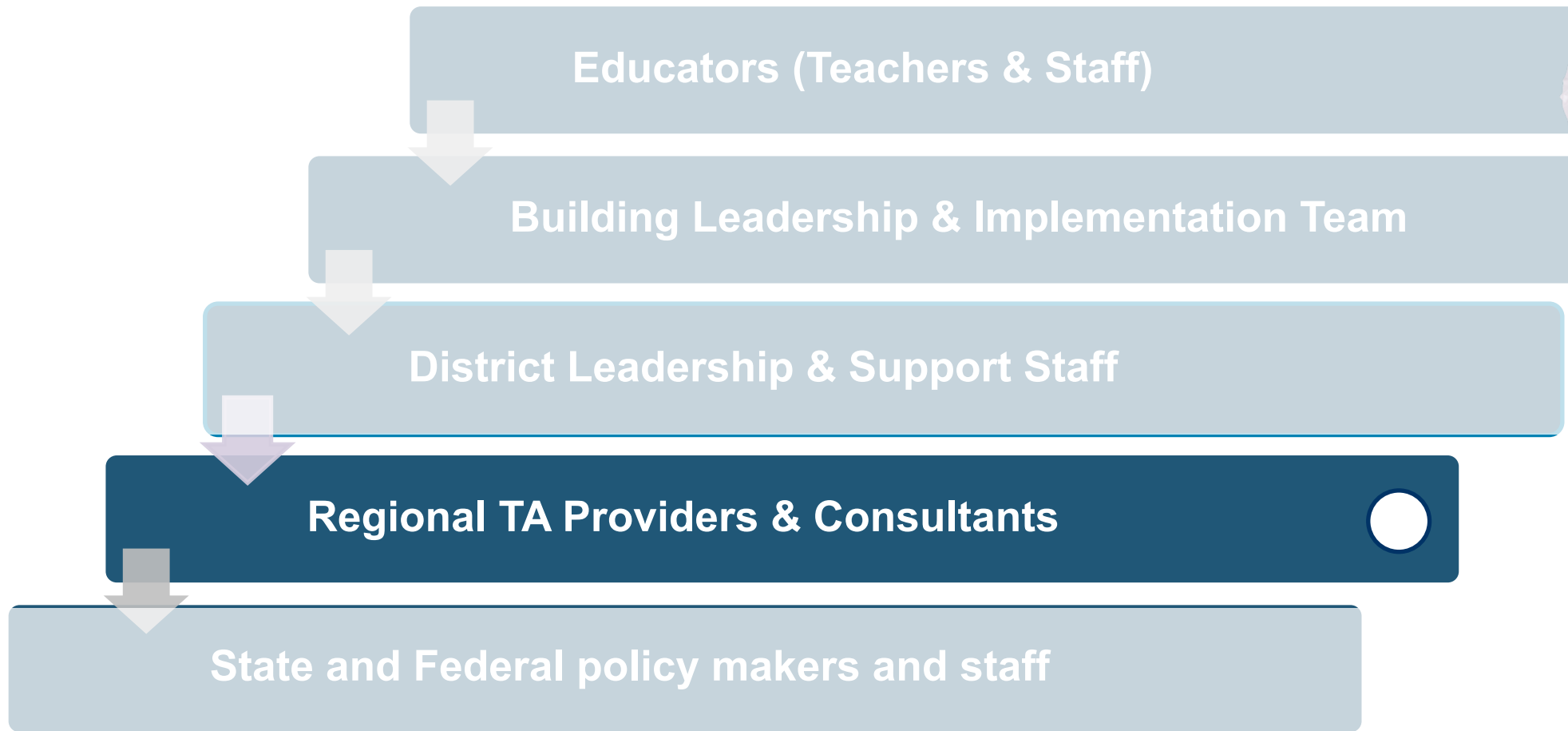
Gain knowledge about functions of regional implementation teams

plan



Identify implications of a regional structure for scaling

Cascading System of Supports



Many Forms of a Regional Structures in States

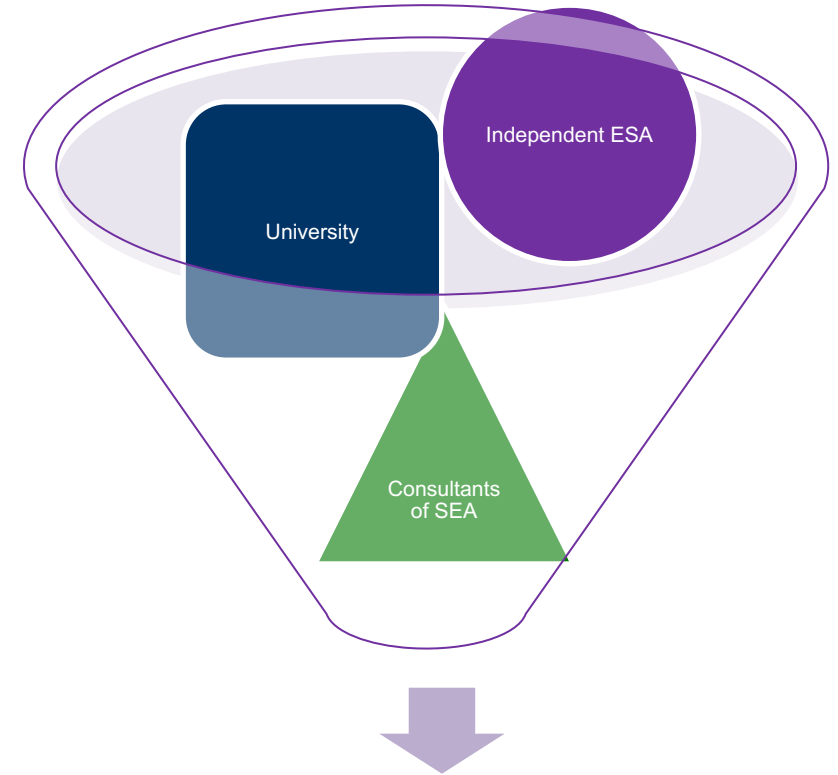
- To describe a few...

University Based
(e.g. Center)

Consultants
of the SEA
(extension)

Independent
agency with
leadership and
board (e.g., ESDs,
ISDs, RESAS,
BOCES, Service
Cooperatives)

Size: 0 – 56
Approx. 620 ESAs
(Endsley et al 2014)



Regional Support
Depending on SEA Initiative

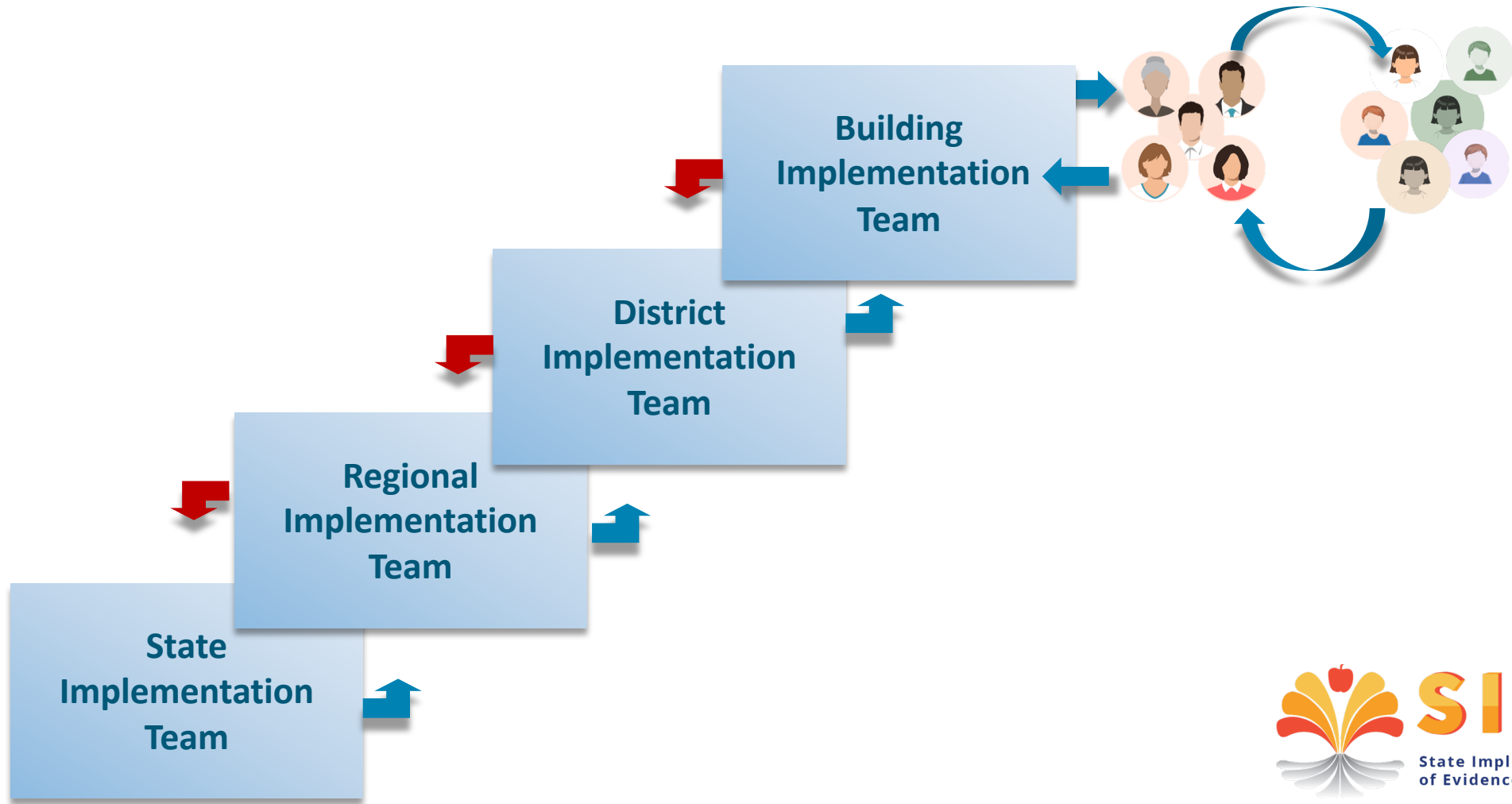
Activity

Discussion Questions

1. What is the structure of your Regional support?
 - a) Extension of the SEA (i.e. SEA consultants)
 - b) University Based (e.g., Center)
 - c) Independent Agency with Leadership and Board (e.g., ESD, ESC, Co-Ops, BOCES, ISDs, RESAs)
 - d) Combination depending on initiative
 - e) None

2. Is it functional? Why or why not?

Linked Implementation Teams



Implementation Teams: Making it Happen

No
Implementation Team

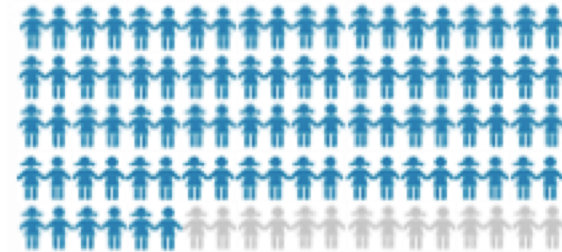


From “Letting it Happen”

14% of
sites
17 Years

At Full Implementation

Expert
Implementation Team



To “Making it Happen”

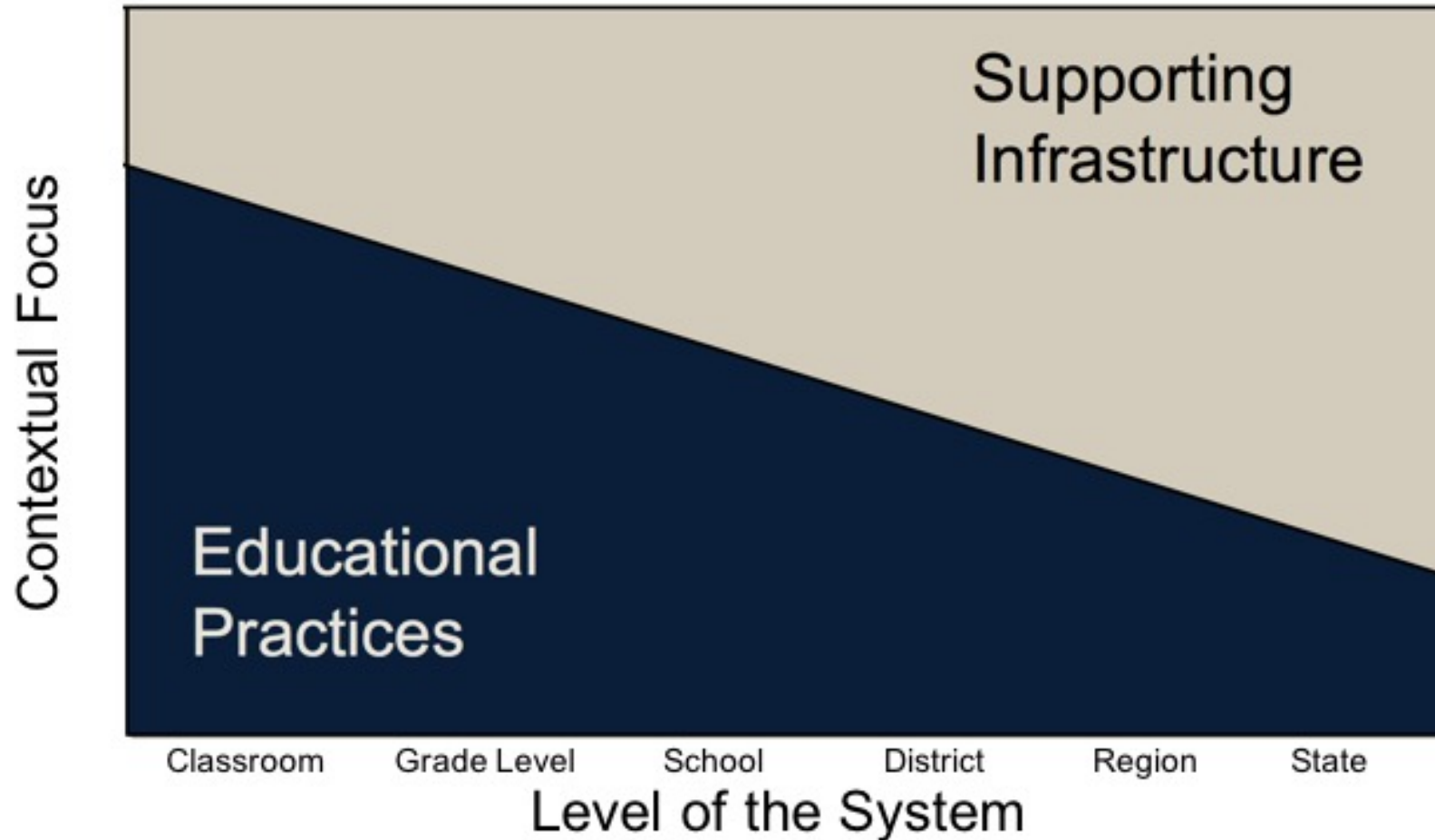
80%
of sites
3 Years

Sources:

Fixsen, Blase, Timbers, & Wolf, 2001; Balas & Boren, 2000; Green & Seifert, 2005; Saldana & Chamberlain, 2012

Cascade System and Focus

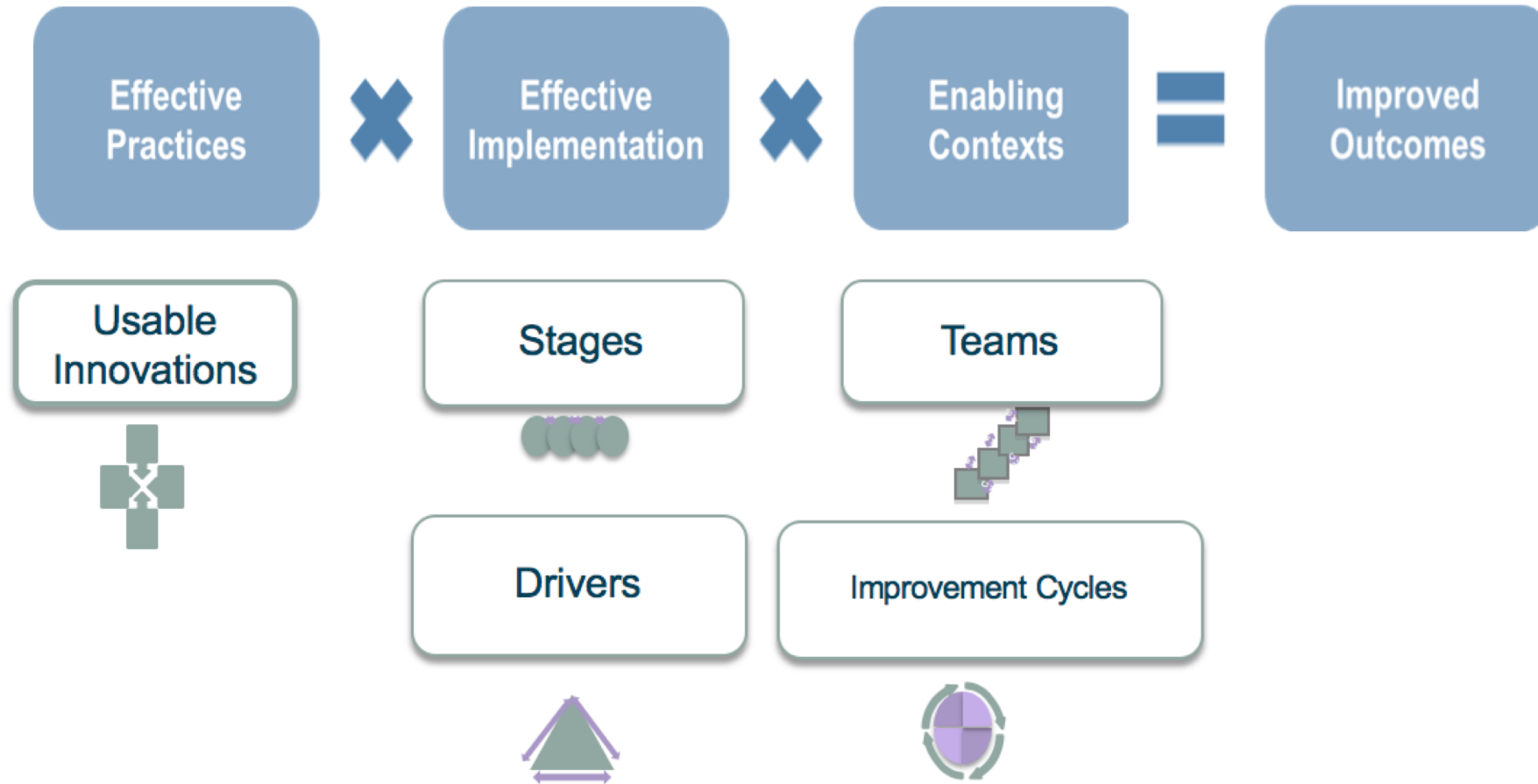
Framework for Addressing Practice and Supports



McIntosh & Goodman, 2016

Regional-Level Infrastructure Knowledge & Skills

Regional Education Agency (REA) knowledge and skills in the following:



Regional-Level Practice Knowledge

- Regional Education Agency (REA) knowledge in the following:
 - Processes to select effective practices to ensure what will be supported across the state will result in improved outcomes
 - Steps for making practices “usable”
 - Staff accessible within the REA who are skillful in developing competency (training, coaching) in the practices

Functions of a Regional Implementation Team

- Analyzing current strengths, needs, and initiatives at the District and School levels
- Providing training, coaching and consultation based on district and schools needs
- Uses a stage-based approach to guide districts as they develop infrastructure (training, coaching, data use) needed to support educators' use of EBPs
- Initiating and actively engaging in continuous quality improvement cycles
- Communicating with stakeholders and engaging in readiness activities
- Support development of internal implementation supports (e.g. coaching) for regional agency staff to use new ways of work

Handout: Regional Implementation Team at <http://implementation.fpg.unc.edu>

Tool: Regional Capacity Assessment at <https://sisep.fpg.unc.edu/>

Team Competencies and Perspectives



Core Practice

Select, operationalize, adapt, and tailor practices; ensure fidelity assessments are completed and used.



Improvement Cycles

Collect, monitor, and engage leadership in using data to support implementation capacity, intervention fidelity, and student outcomes.



Infrastructure

Develop operational guiding documents and processes; garner needed resources for build staff competency; create data use and communication plans.



Systems

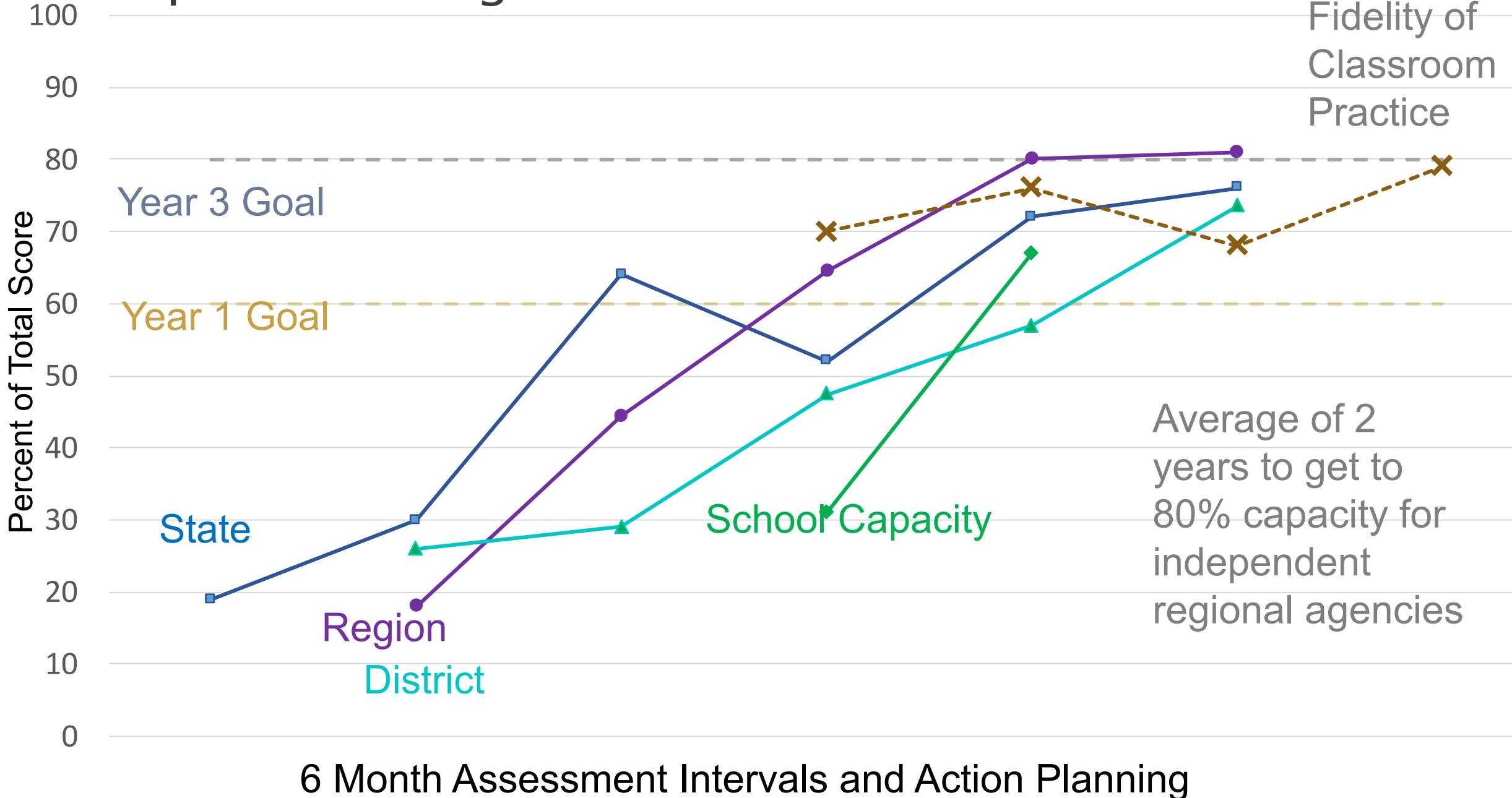
Build cross-agency collaboration to ensure departments/offices are aligned with new ways of work.

Implications for Scaling: Ratios

State	State Example	Implementation Ratio for Scaling in State Example
Regional		14 RITs/ State
District	280 LEAs/State	20 LEAs/RIT
Schools	7 Schools/District	3-15 Schools/DIT
Teachers	30 Teachers/School	30 Teachers/BIT
Student	25 Students/Teacher	25 Students/Teacher

A typical recommendation (Joss, 2001) is a management ratio of 1:8 (e.g. one unit can effectively manage about 8 other units).

Example SEA – Regional- District – School



What does it take to build capacity regionally?

- State Executive Leadership visible support and commitment
- Regional Executive Leadership visible support and commitment
- Written guidance stating the functions of the regional structure is to support district capacity and implementation of EBPs. Examples include:
 - » RFP and contractual documents
 - » Legislation
- Funding Support – Repurpose and Leveraging
- Training and coaching of Regional staff
- Bi-directional communication loops
- Use of data for improvement (capacity, fidelity, outcome, process)

**Focus on Function
rather than Form**

Activity

Discussion Questions

What functions does your regional supports hold?

How have you built their capacity to support LEAs and schools?

What have been facilitators or challenges in doing so?

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