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Instructional Research Group

OVERVIEW

- Coaching Model in Reading
- Adapting the Model to
 Mathematics for Model Demo
- Modifying Coaching
 Sessions for Resistant Teachers



Poll

- 1. As part of your grant, is coaching more critical in:
 - a. Reading
 - b. Math
 - c. Both
- 2. Do you feel the coaching is going well for your SPDG?
 - a. Yes
 - b. Sometimes
 - c. Needs Work

ASPECTS OF THE COACHING MODEL

- 1. The Coaching Relationship
- 2. Job-Embedded
- 3. Addresses Specific Teaching Behaviors
- 4. Coaching Process

STUDIED IN READING CONTEXT FIRST

Used in Collaborative Strategic Reading

Coaching Teachers

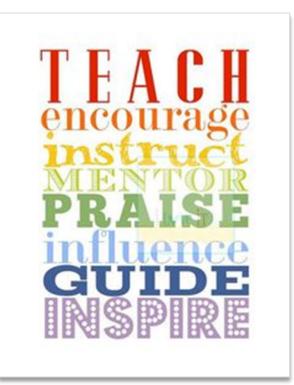
Used in Teacher Study Groups

Coaching TSG Facilitators

Instructional Research Group

THE COACHING RELATIONSHIP

- Success of coaching depends on the coach to teacher relationship
- Human Touch
- Build Trust
- Low Pressure
- > Treat the teachers as professionals



TIPS TO ACCOMPLISH THIS

- 1. Coffee and doughnuts!!
- 2. Confidentiality
- 3. Timely response
- 4. Follow Through.
- 5. Socialize

TIPS TO ACCOMPLISH THIS

- 6. Collaborative vs. Evaluative
- 7. Non-verbal language
- 8. Active listening

JOB-EMBEDDED COACHING

No "extras"!

- 1. It should fit into current curriculum
- 2. Grounded in day-to-day teaching practice
- 3. Designed to enhance teachers' content-specific instructional practices with the intent of improving student learning
- 4. School- or classroom-based
- 5. Integrated into the workday

ADDRESSING SPECIFIC TEACHING BEHAVIORS

- 1. Coaching protocols are different than teaching evaluations MORE SPECIFIC.
- 2. In Collaborative Strategic Reading the coaching focused on teachers teaching reading comprehension strategies explicitly.
- In TSG coaching focused on facilitators leading Teacher Study Groups that address vocabulary instruction.
- 4. If too broad, the coach has trouble identifying areas of strength and weakness.
- 5. Observation protocol should be broken down into "observable chunks".

COACHING PROCESS

- Protocol includes teaching behaviors of interest
- Coach takes copious field notes on teacher/facilitators behavior
- Coach analyzes field notes and generates:



- List at least 2 strengths of the lesson. "Kudos" remarks.
- Provide up to 3 weaknesses of the lesson.
 "Food For Thought".
- 3. Provide up to 3 suggestions for improving future lessons.

ADAPTING FOR MATHEMATICS – ALGEBRAIC REASONING MODEL DEMONSTRATION

- 1. The Coaching Relationship SAME
- 2. Job-Embedded SAME
- 3. Addresses Specific Teaching Behaviors (ADAPTED)
- 4. Coaching Process SAME
- 5. New Features that are Part of Model Demo
 - Responds to teachers needs and requests; responsive coaching
 - Coaching linked to Professional Development

SAMPLE TEACHING BEHAVIOR PROTOCOLS

Math Summary Ratings (5-point Likert Scale)

- 1. Adherence to the steps of the *TransMath* lesson outlined in the Teacher Manual.
- 2. Clarity in conveying the lesson goals.
- 3. Supports students' explanations.
- 4. Uses manipulatives (e.g., C-Rods) and visual representations (e.g., number lines) correctly.
- 5. Maintains a positive rapport with the students.
- 6. Perception of students' grasp of the content.
- 7. Uses clear, mathematically correct language.
- 8. Overall rating of the lesson.

TSG Summary Ratings (5-point Likert Scale)

- 1. Responds to teachers' comments, questions, concerns.
- 2. Paces the lesson so that all parts of the session were covered in sufficient depth.
- 3. Uses clarity in conveying session goals.
- 4. Adheres to the procedures provided in the manual.
- 5. Maintains a positive rapport with teachers.
- 6. Perception of teachers' grasp of the content
- 7. Overall rating of the facilitator's implementation.

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7.

Responsive Coaching

- Teachers know the expectations manipulatives, supporting explanations, using student-level data to inform teaching decisions, etc.
- After coaching sessions, they make requests for future PD on some of the things that were identified as "food for thought".

EXAMPLE "FOOD FOR THOUGHT" IN MODEL DEMO

<u>Suggestion 1</u>: Support student's mathematical explanations without "filling in thinking"

- <u>Suggestion 2</u>: Cover depth over breadth some lessons are rushed
- <u>Suggestion 3</u>: Utilize co-teaching model more effectively

HOW PD ADDRESSED THE SUGGESTIONS

For Suggestion 1: Using think-alouds to model their thinking to students so they can see a model explanation.

<u>For Suggestion 2</u>: Discuss critical features of algebraic reasoning in PD – what to cut & what is critical.

For Suggestion 3: Using some benchmark data to group students into more homogenous groups for skills needed in order to structure the classroom as a co-teaching environment (already a requirement at the school). Classes were divided into three groups based on their pretest scores on STAR.

MODIFICATIONS TO MODEL

- 1. Teachers don't receive coaching well
 - a. Provide a lot of praise for what they did well
 - b. Rather than discuss three areas that need improvement (Food for Thought statements), focus on only one
- 2. Teachers receive coaching well, but say they "can't do (insert excuse)"
 - a. Plan the lesson with the teacher
 - b. Model a lesson
 - c. Co-teach the lesson
 - d. Work on other areas to help troubleshoot



Poll

- 1. What is the biggest issue you've found in coaching?
 - a. Coach/teacher relationship (lack of trust)
 - b. Teachers NOT following through on areas of improvement
 - c. Coaching protocols don't fit (not specific enough)
 - d. Not enough time to coach
 - e. Other

TIPS FOR HIRING COACHES

- 1. Detail-oriented
- 2. People skills
- 3. Knowledge in the area of instruction in which they are coaching
- 4. Knowledge of the tenets of effective instruction
- 5. Experience in classroom observations
- 6. Classroom teaching experience
- 7. Experience with successfully working with adults
- 8. Served in a leadership capacity (e.g. coach, mentor teacher, student teacher supervisor, grade-level team leader)



TSG DATA

Mean Procedural Fidelity*	
Session 4	Session 6
80.48%	94.96%

*Procedural fidelity was calculated as percentage of procedures implemented.

THANK YOU!

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